Synthesis of Ecdysteroid Inhibitors of Ecdysone Biosynthesis. Inhibition of the C-25 Hydroxylation.

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Abstract: Condensation of acetylenic nucleophiles on the 1-ether 1 leads to new inhibitors of the ecdysone biosynthesis, possessing a hydroxy group at C-22.

The synthesis of several acetylenic cholesteryl derivatives have been reported by our group to inhibit C-22 hydroxylase in the ecdysone biosynthesis¹⁻³. We assumed it would be possible to inhibit C-25 hydroxylase by simply extending the acetylenic side chain.

a TMS-C=C-Li, THF, -78°C, 15 mn (85%, n = 1) or b HC=C-CH₂-MgBr, Et₂O, 0°C, 3h (80%, n = 2) c pTsOH, dioxane/H₂O 7/3, 80°C, 30 mn (58-73%).

Scheme 1

In this aim, we started our synthesis from i-ether 1, obtained from ergosterol according to a well known method⁴. We decided to introduce the side chain with an organometallic nucleophile in order to have a second hydroxy group, which favourise

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solubility during the *in vitro* experiments. Thus, the addition of lithium trimethylsilylacetylide gave compounds 2a and 3a (Scheme 1) in good yields. After separation, both of them were treated with pTsOH in a 7/3 mixture of dioxane and water, to give 4a and 5a in moderate yields⁵. Products 4b and 5b⁵ were obtained in a very similar way, using propargyl magnesium bromide. Diastereoselectivity was extremely low, giving a slight diastereomeric excess of the (22S) configuration

Possessing these two series of diastereomers, we performed experiments on Locusta migratoria Inhibitory effects have been measured in vitro on the ecdysone biosynthesis in larval prothoracic glands¹. Results are clearly indicating that the inhibition is higher either when the acetylenic side chain is longer (4b and 5b: 66% and 37% at 10⁻⁵M respectively) or when the configuration at C-22 is R (4a and 4b: 36% at 10⁻⁵M with 4a), this one from ecdysone. Compound 5a does not inhibit at all.

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References and Notes

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- 5. ¹H NMR 200 MHz (CDCl₃);
 - 4a: δ 0.71 (s, 3H, H-18), 1.01 (s, 3H, H-19), 1.05 (d, 3H, J=6.5 Hz, H-21), 2.29 (s, 1H, H-24), 3.52 (m, 1H, $w_{1/2}$ =25 Hz, H-3), 4.42 (bs, 1H, H-22), 5.35 (d, 1H, J=5.0 Hz, H-6). Anal. Calcd for $C_{24}H_{36}O_2$ (356.55) : C, 80.85 ; H, 10.18. Found : C, 80.62 , H, 10.28
 - 5a: 0 70 (s, 3H, H-18), 1.01 (s, 3H, H-19), 1.12 (d, 3H, J=6.6 Hz, H-21), 2.27 (s, 1H, H-24), 3.52 (m, 1H, $w_{1/2}$ =25 Hz, H-3), 4 46 (bs, 1H, H-22), 5.35 (d, J=4.9 Hz, H-6). Anal Calcd for $C_{24}H_{36}O_2$ (356 55). C, 80.85; H, 10 18 Found: C, 80.45, H, 10 22
 - 4b 0 70 (s, 3H, H-18), 1.01 (s, 3H, H-19), 1.05 (d, 3H, J=6 5 Hz, H-21), 2 49 (s, 1H, H-25), 3 53 (m, 1H, $w_{1/2}$ =25 Hz, H-3), 4.44 (bs, 1H, H-22), 5.35 (d, 1H, J=5.1 Hz, H-6). Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{38}O_2$ (370 58) : C, 81.03 ; H, 10.34. Found : C, 81.00 , H, 10.41
 - **5b**: 0.69 (s, 3H, H-18), 1.01 (s, 3H, H-19), 1.11 (d, 3H, J=6.5 Hz, H-21), 2.43 (s, 1H, H-25), 3.52 (m, 1H, $w_{1/2}$ =25 Hz, H-3), 4 46 (bs, J=5 5 Hz, H-6). Anal. Calcd for $C_{25}H_{38}O_2$ (370 58): C, 81.03; H, 10 34. Found: C, 81.18; H, 10 30